## Bidirectional Voltage Translator

## - 5.5 V on A Port and 2.7 V to 3.6 V on B Port

- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 250 mA Per JESD 17
- ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22
- 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-A)
- 200-V Machine Model (A115-A)
- 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)


## description/ordering information

This 8-bit (octal) noninverting bus transceiver contains two separate supply rails; B port has $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCB }}$, which is set at 3.3 V , and A port has $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CCA}}$, which is set at 5 V . This allows for translation from a 3.3-V to a 5-V environment, and vice versa.

DB, DW, OR PW PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)


The SN74LVC4245A is designed for asynchronous communication between data buses. The device transmits data from the $A$ bus to the $B$ bus or from the $B$ bus to the $A$ bus, depending on the logic level at the direction-control (DIR) input. The output-enable ( $\overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ ) input can be used to disable the device so the buses are effectively isolated.

The SN74LVC4245A pinout allows the designer to switch to a normal all-3.3-V or all-5-V 20-pin '245 device without board re-layout. The designer uses the data paths for pins 2-11 and 14-23 of the SN74LVC4245A to align with the conventional '245 pinout.

ORDERING INFORMATION

| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | PACKAGE $\dagger$ |  | ORDERABLE PART NUMBER | TOP-SIDE MARKING |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | SOIC - DW | Tube of 25 | SN74LVC4245ADW | LVC4245A |
|  |  | Reel of 2000 | SN74LVC4245ADWR |  |
|  | SSOP - DB | Reel of 2000 | SN74LVC4245ADBR | LJ245A |
|  | TSSOP - PW | Tube of 60 | SN74LVC4245APW | LJ245A |
|  |  | Reel of 2000 | SN74LVC4245APWR |  |
|  |  | Reel of 250 | SN74LVC4245APWT |  |

$\dagger$ Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.
FUNCTION TABLE

| INPUTS |  | OPERATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ | DIR |  |
| L | L | B data to A bus |
| L | H | A data to B bus |
| H | X | Isolation |

## logic diagram (positive logic)



## absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range for $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CCA}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to 5.5 V (unless otherwise noted) ${ }^{\dagger}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Supply voltage range, } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CCA}} \text {........................................................................ } 0.5 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 6.5 \mathrm{~V} \\
& \text { Input voltage range, } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}} \text { : } \mathrm{A} \text { port (see Note 1) ........................................... } 0.5 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CCA}}+0.5 \mathrm{~V}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Input clamp current, } \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IK}}\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{I}}<0\right) \text {.......................................................................... }-50 \mathrm{~mA}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Continuous output current, IO ............................................................................. } \pm 50 \mathrm{~mA}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Package thermal impedance, } \theta_{\mathrm{JA}} \text { (see Note 2): DB package ..................................... } 63^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} \\
& \text { DW package ........................................ } 46^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} \\
& \text { PW package ...................................... } 88^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}
\end{aligned}
$$

$\dagger$ Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## NOTES: 1. This value is limited to 6 V maximum

2. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

## absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range for $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CCB}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V (unless otherwise noted) ${ }^{\dagger}$



NOTE 4: All unused inputs of the device must be held at the associated $V_{C C}$ or $G N D$ to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.
recommended operating conditions for $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CCB}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V (see Note 4)

|  |  |  | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCB }}$ | Supply voltage |  | 2.7 | 3.6 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IH }}$ | High-level input voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCB }}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | 2 |  | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ | Low-level input voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCB }}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V |  | 0.8 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ | Input voltage |  | 0 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCB }}$ | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | Output voltage |  | 0 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCB }}$ | V |
| IOH | High-level output current | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCB }}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | -12 | mA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCB }}=3 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | -24 |  |
| ${ }^{\text {IOL}}$ | Low-level output current | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCB }}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 12 | mA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCB }}=3 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 24 |  |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {A }}$ | Operating free-air temperature |  | -40 | 85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

NOTE 4: All unused inputs of the device must be held at the associated $V_{C C}$ or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.
electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range for $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to 5.5 V (unless otherwise noted) (see Note 5)

| PARAMETER |  | TEST CONDITIONS |  | VCCA | MIN | TYP† | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ |  | $\mathrm{IOH}=-100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 4.5 V | 4.3 |  |  | V |
|  |  | 5.5 V | 5.3 |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{IOH}=-24 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 4.5 V | 3.7 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 5.5 V | 4.7 |  |  |  |
| VoL |  |  |  | $\mathrm{IOL}=100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 4.5 V |  |  | 0.2 | V |
|  |  | 5.5 V |  |  |  |  | 0.2 |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{IOL}=24 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 4.5 V |  |  | 0.55 |  |  |
|  |  | 5.5 V |  |  | 0.55 |  |  |
| 1 | Control inputs |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}$ or GND |  | 5.5 V |  |  | $\pm 1$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| ${ }^{\text {I Oz }}$ | A port | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}$ or GND |  | 5.5 V |  |  | $\pm 5$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |  |
| ICCA |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}$ or GND, | $\mathrm{I}=0$ | 5.5 V |  |  | 80 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |  |
| $\Delta^{\text {I CCA }}$ |  | One input at 3.4 V , | Other inputs at $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}$ or GND | 5.5 V |  |  | 1.5 | mA |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{i}}$ | Control inputs | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}$ or GND |  | Open |  | 5 |  | pF |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{i}}$ | A port | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}$ or GND |  | 5 V |  | 11 |  | pF |  |

$\dagger$ All typical values are measured at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
$\ddagger$ For I/O ports, the parameter loz includes the input leakage current.
§ This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels, rather than 0 V or the associated $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$. NOTE 5: $V_{C C B}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V
electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range for $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCB }}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V (unless otherwise noted) (see Note 6)

| PARAMETER |  | TEST CONDITIONS |  | $V_{\text {ccB }}$ | MIN | TYPI MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ |  | ${ }^{\text {I }} \mathrm{OH}=-100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 2.7 V to 3.6 V | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-0.2$ |  | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{IOH}=-12 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 2.7 V | 2.2 |  |  |
|  |  | 3 V | 2.4 |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{OH}}=-24 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 3 V | 2 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OL }}$ |  |  |  | $\mathrm{l} \mathrm{OL}=100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 2.7 V to 3.6 V | 0.2 |  | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{IOL}=12 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 2.7 V |  | 0.4 |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{IOL}=24 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 3 V |  | 0.55 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{IOz}^{\ddagger}$ | B port | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCB }}$ or GND |  | 3.6 V |  | $\pm 5$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |  |
| ICCB |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCB }}$ or GND, | $1 \mathrm{O}=0$ | 3.6 V |  | 50 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |  |
| $\Delta^{\text {l }}{ }^{\text {CCB }}{ }^{\text {§ }}$ |  | One input at $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCB }}-0.6 \mathrm{~V}$, | Other inputs at $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCB }}$ or GND | 2.7 V to 3.6 V |  | 0.5 | mA |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{i}}$ | B port | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCB }}$ or GND |  | 3.3 V |  | 11 | pF |  |

[^0]switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ (unless otherwise noted) (see Figures 1 and 2)

| PARAMETER | FROM (INPUT) | TO (OUTPUT) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}=5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~V}, \\ \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{CCB}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V} \text { TO } 3.6 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ |  | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | MIN | MAX |  |
| tPHL | A | B | 1 | 6.3 | ns |
| tPLH |  |  | 1 | 6.7 |  |
| tPHL | B | A | 1 | 6.1 | ns |
| tPLH |  |  | 1 | 5 |  |
| tPZL | $\overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ | A | 1 | 9 | ns |
| tPZH |  |  | 1 | 8.1 |  |
| tPZL | $\overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ | B | 1 | 8.8 | ns |
| tPZH |  |  | 1 | 9.8 |  |
| tplZ | $\overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ | A | 1 | 7 | ns |
| tpHZ |  |  | 1 | 5.8 |  |
| tplZ | $\overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ | B | 1 | 7.7 | ns |
| tPHZ |  |  | 1 | 7.8 |  |

operating characteristics, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CCA}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CCB}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to $3.6 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| PARAMETER |  |  | TEST CONDITIONS |  | TYP | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {pd }}$ | Power dissipation capacitance per transceiver | Outputs enabled | $C_{L}=0$, | $\mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{MHz}$ | 39.5 | pF |
|  |  | Outputs disabled |  |  | 5 |  |

## power-up considerations $\dagger$

TI level-translation devices offer an opportunity for successful mixed-voltage signal design. A proper power-up sequence always should be followed to avoid excessive supply current, bus contention, oscillations, or other anomalies caused by improperly biased device pins. Take these precautions to guard against such power-up problems.

1. Connect ground before any supply voltage is applied.
2. Next, power up the control side of the device ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CCA}}$ for all four of these devices).
3. $\mathrm{Tie} \overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CCA}}$ with a pullup resistor so that it ramps with $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CCA}}$.
4. Depending on the direction of the data path, DIR can be high or low. If DIR high is needed ( $A$ data to $B$ bus), ramp it with $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}$. Otherwise, keep DIR low.
[^1]
## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION <br> A PORT



> VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS PROPAGATION DELAY TIMES NONINVERTING OUTPUTS

## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION <br> B PORT


voltage waveforms PULSE DURATION


NOTES: A. $C_{L}$ includes probe and jig capacitance.
B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $\mathrm{PRR} \leq 10 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{O}}=50 \Omega, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}} \leq 2.5 \mathrm{~ns}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}} \leq 2.5 \mathrm{~ns}$.
D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
E. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

Figure 2. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms


NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed $0.006(0,15)$.
D. Falls within JEDEC MS-013

28 PINS SHOWN


| DIM PINS ** | $\mathbf{1 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 8}$ | $\mathbf{3 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 8}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A MAX | 6,50 | 6,50 | 7,50 | 8,50 | 10,50 | 10,50 | 12,90 |
| A MIN | 5,90 | 5,90 | 6,90 | 7,90 | 9,90 | 9,90 | 12,30 |

NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.
D. Falls within JEDEC MO-150


| DIM | PINS ** | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{1 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 4}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A MAX | 3,10 | 5,10 | 5,10 | 6,60 | 7,90 | 9,80 |
| A MIN | 2,90 | 4,90 | 4,90 | 6,40 | 7,70 | 9,60 |

NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15 .
D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

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[^0]:    $\ddagger$ For I/O ports, the parameter IOZ includes the input leakage current.
    § This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels, rather than 0 V or the associated $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$.
    II All typical values are measured at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
    NOTE 6: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CCA}}=5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~V}$

[^1]:    $\dagger$ Refer to the TI application report, Texas Instruments Voltage-Level-Translation Devices, literature number SCEA021.

